# SAFETY DATA SHEET

# Betco pH7Q Dual

# **Section 1. Identification**

GHS product identifier : Betco pH7Q Dual

Product code : 355

Other means of identification

: Not available.

Product type : Liquid.

# Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

#### **Identified uses**

Disinfectant

Uses advised against	Reason
For Industrial and Institutional Use Only	-

Supplier's details : Betco Corporation

400 Van Camp Road Bowling Green, Ohio 43402

www.betco.com 888-462-3826

**Emergency telephone** number (with hours of

operation)

: Chemtrec (800) 424-9300 24 hour

**EPA Details** : EPA Statement:

This chemical is a product registered by the United States Environmental Protection Agency and is subject to certain labeling requirements under federal law. These requirements differ from the classification criteria and hazard information required for safety data sheets (SDS), and for workplace labels of non-EPA registered chemicals.

Below is the signal word as required on the label:

EPA Establishment Number EPA Registration Number EPA Signal Word

: 10324-141 : Danger

: 4170

# Section 2. Hazards identification

**OSHA/HCS** status

: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

1,

Classification of the substance or mixture

: ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 4 SKIN CORROSION - Category 1B SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1

**GHS label elements** 

Hazard pictograms





Signal word : Danger

**Hazard statements** : Harmful if swallowed or in contact with skin. Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

# Section 2. Hazards identification

# **Precautionary statements**

**Prevention** 

: Wear protective gloves: > 8 hours (breakthrough time): disposable vinyl. Wear eye or face protection: Recommended: splash goggles. Wear protective clothing. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

# Response

: IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician.

Storage Disposal

- : Store locked up.
- : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Hazards not otherwise classified

: None known.

# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture
Other means of

identification

- : Mixture
- : Not available.

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
didecyldimethylammonium chloride	≤10	7173-51-5
Quaternary ammonium compounds, benzyl-C12-16-alkyldimethyl, chlorides	≤10	68424-85-1
tetrasodium ethylene diamine tetraacetate	≤5	64-02-8
ethanol	≤3	64-17-5
Alcohols, C9-11, ethoxylated	≤3	68439-46-3

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

# Section 4. First aid measures

# **Description of necessary first aid measures**

**Eye contact** 

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.

#### Inhalation

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place i recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

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# Section 4. First aid measures

#### Skin contact

Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for a least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

# Ingestion

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

# Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

# Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye damage.

Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.Skin contact : Causes severe burns. Harmful in contact with skin.

Ingestion : Harmful if swallowed.

# Over-exposure signs/symptoms

**Eye contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain watering redness

Inhalation : No specific data.

**Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation redness

blistering may occur

**Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

stomach pains

## Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician

: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Specific treatments

: No specific treatment.

**Protection of first-aiders** 

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

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See toxicological information (Section 11)

# Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

# **Extinguishing media**

Suitable extinguishing

media

: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

**Unsuitable extinguishing** 

media

: None known.

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# Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

# Specific hazards arising from the chemical

: In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

# Hazardous thermal decomposition products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides

halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides

# Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

# Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

# Section 6. Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuat surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

## For emergency responders

: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For nonemergency personnel".

#### **Environmental precautions**

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains an sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

#### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

**Small spill** 

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

# Large spill

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwin Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous eartl and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

# Section 7. Handling and storage

#### Precautions for safe handling

**Protective measures** 

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container c an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not i use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

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# Section 7. Handling and storage

# Advice on general occupational hygiene

: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handle stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking an smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

# Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed an sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully reseale and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

# **Control parameters**

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
didecyldimethylammonium chloride	None.
Quaternary ammonium compounds, benzyl-C12-16-alkyldimethyl, chlorides	None.
tetrasodium ethylene diamine tetraacetate	None.
ethanol	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2018).
	STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes.
	OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).
	TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 1900 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).
	TWA: 1000 ppm 10 hours.
	TWA: 1900 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours.
	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
	TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 1900 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
Alcohols, C9-11, ethoxylated	None.

# Appropriate engineering controls

: If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

# **Environmental exposure** controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure the comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

# **Individual protection measures**

# **Hygiene measures**

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

# **Eye/face protection**

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead. Recommended: splash goggles

# **Skin protection**

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

# **Hand protection**

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. > 8 hours (breakthrough time): disposable vinyl

#### **Body protection**

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

#### Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

# **Respiratory protection**

: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respirator protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

# Personal protective equipment (Pictograms)



# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

#### **Appearance**

Physical state : Liquid.

Color : Orange.

Odor : Lemon-like.

Odor threshold : Not available.

**pH** : 6 to 8

Melting point: Not available.Boiling point: Not available.

Flash point : Closed cup: >100°C (>212°F) [Product does not sustain combustion.]

Evaporation rate : Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas) : Not available.
Lower and upper explosive : Not available.

(flammable) limits

Vapor pressure : Not available.
Vapor density : Not available.
Relative density : 1.0053

**Solubility** : Easily soluble in the following materials: cold water.

Solubility in water : Not available.

Partition coefficient: n- : Not available.

octanol/water

Auto-ignition temperature : Not available.

Decomposition temperature : Not available.

Viscosity : Not available.

Flow time (ISO 2431) : Not available.

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# Section 10. Stability and reactivity

**Reactivity**: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

**Chemical stability**: The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid : No specific data.

**Incompatible materials**: Not available.

Hazardous decomposition products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

# **Section 11. Toxicological information**

# Information on toxicological effects

# **Acute toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
didecyldimethylammonium chloride	LD50 Oral	Rat	84 mg/kg	-
Quaternary ammonium compounds, benzyl-C12-16-alkyldimethyl, chlorides	LD50 Oral	Rat	426 mg/kg	-
tetrasodium ethylene diamine tetraacetate	LD50 Oral	Rat	10 g/kg	-
ethanol	LC50 Inhalation Vapor LD50 Oral	Rat Rat	124700 mg/m³ 7 g/kg	4 hours
Alcohols, C9-11, ethoxylated	LD50 Oral	Rat	1378 mg/kg	-

# **Irritation/Corrosion**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
didecyldimethylammonium chloride	Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	500 milligrams	-
Quaternary ammonium compounds, benzyl-C12-16-alkyldimethyl, chlorides	Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	25 milligrams	-
tetrasodium ethylene diamine tetraacetate	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100 milligrams	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-
ethanol	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	0.066666667 minutes 100 milligrams	-
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 microliters	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	500 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	400 milligrams	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20 milligrams	-

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# Section 11. Toxicological information

# **Sensitization**

Not available.

### **Mutagenicity**

Not available.

#### Carcinogenicity

Not available.

#### Classification

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
ethanol	-	1	-

# **Reproductive toxicity**

Not available.

#### **Teratogenicity**

Not available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Not available.

Information on the likely

routes of exposure

: Routes of entry anticipated: Oral, Dermal, Inhalation.

# Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye damage.

Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Skin contact : Causes severe burns. Harmful in contact with skin.

Ingestion : Harmful if swallowed.

# Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

**Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain watering redness

Inhalation : No specific data.

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

redness

blistering may occur

**Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

stomach pains

# Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

**Short term exposure** 

Potential immediate

: Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects

: Not available.

**Long term exposure** 

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# **Section 11. Toxicological information**

**Potential immediate** 

effects

: Not available.

**Potential delayed effects** 

: Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

General : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Teratogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Developmental effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Fertility effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

# **Numerical measures of toxicity**

# **Acute toxicity estimates**

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Route	ATE value
	500 mg/kg 1100 mg/kg

# Section 12. Ecological information

<u>Foxicity</u>			
Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
didecyldimethylammonium chloride	Acute EC50 110 μg/l Fresh water	Algae - Chlorella pyrenoidosa - Exponential growth phase	72 hours
	Acute EC50 14.22 ppb Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	96 hours
	Acute EC50 18 ppb Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 39 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Americamysis bahia - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	48 hours
	Acute LC50 0.01 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Acipenser transmontanus - Larvae	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 25 μg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata - Exponential growth phase	72 hours
	Chronic NOEC 125 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	21 days
Quaternary ammonium compounds, benzyl-C12-16-alkyldimethyl, chlorides	Acute EC50 37 ppb Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 64 ppb Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 4.15 ppb Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 32.2 ppb	Fish - Pimephales promelas	34 days
tetrasodium ethylene diamine tetraacetate	Acute LC50 486000 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	96 hours
ethanol	Acute EC50 17.921 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Ulva pertusa	96 hours
	Acute EC50 2000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 25500 μg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia franciscana - Larvae	48 hours
	Acute LC50 42000 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	4 days
	Chronic NOEC 4.995 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Ulva pertusa	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 100 ul/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	21 days

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# **Section 12. Ecological information**

	Chronic NOEC 0.375 ul/L Fresh water	Fish - Gambusia holbrooki -	12 weeks
		Larvae	
Alcohols, C9-11, ethoxylated	Acute EC50 5.36 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute EC50 2686 μg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 8500 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours

#### Persistence and degradability

Not available.

# **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
tetrasodium ethylene diamine tetraacetate	5.01	1.8	low
ethanol	-0.35	-	low

#### **Mobility in soil**

Soil/water partition coefficient (K<sub>oc</sub>)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

# Section 13. Disposal considerations

# **Disposal methods**

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal c this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains an sewers.

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# Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	Mexico Classification	ADR/RID	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN1903	UN1903	UN1903	UN1903	UN1903	UN1903
UN proper shipping name	Disinfectants, Liquid, Corrosive, N.O. S. (Quaternary Ammonium Compound) (didecyldimethylammonium	Disinfectants, Liquid, Corrosive, N.O. S. (Quaternary Ammonium Compound) (didecyldimethylammonium	Disinfectants, Liquid, Corrosive, N.O. S. (Quaternary Ammonium Compound)	Disinfectants, Liquid, Corrosive, N.O. S. (Quaternary Ammonium Compound)	Disinfectant, Liquid, Corrosive, N.O. S. (Quaternary Ammonium Compound)	Disinfectants, Liquid, Corrosive, N.C S. (Quaternary Ammonium Compound)
	chloride, Quaternary ammonium compounds, benzyl-	chloride, Quaternary ammonium compounds, benzyl-				

# Section 14. Transport information

	•					
	C12-16-alkyldimethyl,	C12-16-alkyldimethyl,				
	chlorides)	chlorides)				
Transport	8	8	8	8	8	8
hazard class(es)	controd ye					
	¥22>	¥2>		1	¥2>	
Packing group	III	III	III	III	III	III
Environmental hazards	Yes.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.	Yes.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.

# **Additional information**

**DOT Classification** 

: This product is not regulated as a marine pollutant when transported on inland waterways in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg or by road, rail, or inland air in non-bulk sizes, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of §§ 173.24 and 173.24a. Limited quantity Yes.

**TDG Classification** 

: Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.40-2.42 (Class 8), 2.7 (Marine pollutant mark). The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported by road or rail.

ADR/RID

: The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.

**IMDG** 

: The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.

IATA

: The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.

Special precautions for user

: **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

: Not available.

# Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations

TSCA 4(a) proposed test rules: Quaternary ammonium compounds, benzyl-C12-16-alkyldimethyl, chlorides

TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined Clean Water Act (CWA) 307: 3,7-dimethyloct-6-enenitrile

Clean Water Act (CWA) 311: sodium hydroxide; Formaldehyde, solution

Clean Air Act Section 112

(b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)

: Listed

**Clean Air Act Section 602** 

Class I Substances

: Not listed

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# Section 15. Regulatory information

Clean Air Act Section 602

Class II Substances

: Not listed

DEA List I Chemicals

: Not listed

(Precursor Chemicals)

**DEA List II Chemicals** (Essential Chemicals)

: Not listed

# **SARA 302/304**

## **Composition/information on ingredients**

			SARA 302 TPQ		SARA 304 RQ	
Name	%	EHS	(lbs)	(gallons)	(lbs)	(gallons)
formaldehyde	≤0.1	Yes.	500	73.9	100	14.8

SARA 304 RQ : 62500000 lbs / 28375000 kg [7456363.3 gal / 28225405.4 L]

**SARA 311/312** 

Classification : ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4

ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 4 SKIN CORROSION - Category 1B SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1

## **Composition/information on ingredients**

Name	%	Classification
didecyldimethylammonium	≤10	ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4
chloride		SKIN CORROSION - Category 1B
		SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1
Quaternary ammonium	≤10	ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4
compounds, benzyl-		SKIN CORROSION - Category 1B
C12-16-alkyldimethyl, chlorides		SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1
tetrasodium ethylene diamine	≤5	ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4
tetraacetate		SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1
ethanol	≤3	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
		EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
Alcohols, C9-11, ethoxylated	≤3	EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A

#### State regulations

Massachusetts : The following components are listed: ETHYL ALCOHOL; DENATURED ALCOHOL

**New York** : None of the components are listed.

New Jersey : The following components are listed: ETHYL ALCOHOL; ALCOHOL

Pennsylvania: The following components are listed: DENATURED ALCOHOL; ETHANOL

California Prop. 65

This product does not require a Safe Harbor warning under California Prop. 65.

#### International regulations

# Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

#### **Montreal Protocol**

Not listed.

# Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

# **Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)**

Not listed.

## **UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals**

# Section 15. Regulatory information

Not listed.

#### **Inventory list**

Australia : Not determined.
Canada : Not determined.
China : Not determined.

**Europe** : At least one component is not listed.

Japan : Japan inventory (ENCS): Not determined.

Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.

Malaysia Not determined **New Zealand** : Not determined. **Philippines** : Not determined. Republic of Korea Not determined. : Not determined. **Taiwan Thailand** : Not determined. **Turkey** : Not determined. **United States** : Not determined. **Viet Nam** : Not determined.

# Section 16. Other information

# **Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)**



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

# **National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)**



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Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFP 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

Procedure used to derive the classification

# Section 16. Other information

Classification	Justification	
ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4	Expert judgment	
ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 4	Expert judgment	
SKIN CORROSION - Category 1B	Expert judgment	
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1	Expert judgment	

#### **History**

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**Key to abbreviations** : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as

modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

**UN = United Nations** 

References : Not available.

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### **Notice to reader**

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

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