# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**



In-Sync

Section 1. Identifi	ication	
GHS product identifier	: In-Sync	
Product code	: 1851	
Other means of identification	: Not available.	
Product type	: Liquid.	
Relevant identified uses of	the substance or mixture and uses advised	against
Identified uses		
Manual Dishwashing Deterge	ent	
Uses advised against	Reas	son
For Industrial and Institutiona	al Use Only -	
Supplier's details	: Betco Corporation 400 Van Camp Road Bowling Green, Ohio 43402 www.betco.com 888-462-3826	
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	: Chemtrec (800) 424-9300 24 hour	
Section 2. Hazard	Is identification	
OSHA/HCS status	: This material is considered hazardous by (29 CFR 1910.1200).	the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard
Classification of the substance or mixture	: EYE IRRITATION Category 2a	
GHS label elements Hazard pictograms		
Signal word	: Warning	
Hazard statements	: Causes serious eye irritation.	
Precautionary statements	-	
General		thoroughly after handling.
Ochiciai	<ul> <li>Wear eye or face protection: Wash hands thoroughly after handling.</li> <li>Keep out of reach of children. Read label before use.</li> </ul>	
Prevention	: Keep out of reach of children. Read label	before use.
	: IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water	for several minutes. Remove contact lenses,
Prevention Response		for several minutes. Remove contact lenses,
Prevention	: IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing	for several minutes. Remove contact lenses,

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

## Substance/mixture

## Other means of identification

- : Mixture
- : Not available.

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-16-alkyl derivs.	≥10 - ≤24	68584-22-5
Alcohols, C10-16, ethoxylated, sulfates, sodium salts Sulfuric acid, mono-C10-16-alkyl esters, sodium salts	≤5 ≤3	68585-34-2 68585-47-7
Alcohols, C9-11, ethoxylated	≤3	68439-46-3
ethanol	≤3	64-17-5
D-Glucopyranose, oligomeric, C10-16-alkyl glycosides	≤3	110615-47-9
Sulfonic acids, C14-16-alkane hydroxy and C14-16-alkene, sodium salts sodium hydroxide	≤3 ≤3	68439-57-6 1310-73-2

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

## Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures			
Eye contact	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.		
Inhalation	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure.		
Skin contact	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.		
Ingestion	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.		

### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

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## Section 4. First aid measures

Over-exposure signs/symptoms				
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness			
Inhalation	: No specific data.			
Skin contact	: No specific data.			
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains			
Indication of immediate me	dical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary			
Notes to physician	<ul> <li>Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.</li> </ul>			
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.			
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.			

See toxicological information (Section 11)

## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: None known.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide sulfur oxides metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures				
For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.			
For emergency responders	: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".			

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and materials for co	ontainment and cleaning up
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

### Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of asthma, allergies or chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

### **Occupational exposure limits**

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-16-alkyl derivs. Alcohols, C10-16, ethoxylated, sulfates, sodium salts Sulfuric acid, mono-C10-16-alkyl esters, sodium salts Alcohols, C9-11, ethoxylated ethanol	None. None. None. ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2018). STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes. OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 1900 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016). TWA: 1000 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 1900 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours.
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## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.
D-Glucopyranose, oligomeric, C10-16-alkyl glycosides Sulfonic acids, C14-16-alkane hydroxy and C14-16-alkene, sodium salts sodium hydroxide	TWA: 1900 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. None. <b>ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2017).</b> C: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> <b>OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).</b> CEIL: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> <b>NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).</b> CEIL: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016). TWA: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.

Appropriate engineering controls	: Use only with adequate ventilation. If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory
	limits.
<b></b>	

**Environmental exposure controls** : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures	<u>8</u>
Hygiene measures :	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection :	Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/ or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.
Skin protection	
Hand protection :	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Body protection :	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Other skin protection :	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection :	Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>		
Physical state	1	Liquid.
Color	1	Blue.
Odor	1	Sweetish.
Odor threshold	1	Not available.
рН	1	6.5 to 8.5
Melting point	1	Not available.
Boiling point	1	Not available.
Flash point	1	Not available.
Evaporation rate	1	Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	1	Not available.
Lower and upper explosive	1	Not available.
(flammable) limits		
Vapor pressure		Not available.
Vapor density		Not available.
Relative density	1	1.0324
Solubility	1	Easily soluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.
Solubility in water	1	Not available.
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	1	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	1	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	1	Not available.
Viscosity	1	Not available.
Flow time (ISO 2431)	:	Not available.

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: No specific data.
Incompatible materials	: Not available.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

## Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects Acute toxicity

## Section 11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Specie	s	Dose	Exposure
Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-16-alkyl derivs.	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit		2000 mg/kg	-
,	LD50 Oral	Rat		775 mg/kg	-
Alcohols, C9-11, ethoxylated	LD50 Oral	Rat		1378 mg/kg	-
ethanol	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat		124700 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat		7 g/kg	-
D-Glucopyranose, oligomeric, C10-16-alkyl glycosides	LD50 Oral	Rat		5000 g/kg	-
Irritation/Corrosion					
Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	e Observation

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
ethanol	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	0.066666667 minutes 100 milligrams	-
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 microliters	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	500 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	400 milligrams	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20 milligrams	-
sodium hydroxide	Eyes - Severe irritant	Monkey	-	24 hours 1 Percent	-
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	400 Micrograms	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 50 Micrograms	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit Rabbit	-	1 Percent 0.5 minutes 1	-
			-	milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	24 hours 2 Percent	-
	Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-

**Sensitization** 

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Not available.

### **Mutagenicity**

Not available.

### **Carcinogenicity**

Not available.

### **Classification**

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
ethanol	-	1	-

### **Reproductive toxicity**

Not available.

### **Teratogenicity**

Not available.

## Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

## Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Not available.

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Not available.

Information on the likely routes of exposure	:	Routes of entry anticipated: Oral, Dermal. Routes of entry not anticipated: Inhalation.
Potential acute health effects		
Eye contact	:	Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	1	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	1	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	1	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Symptoms related to the physical	sic	cal, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
Inhalation	1	No specific data.
Skin contact	4	No specific data.
Ingestion	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains
Delayed and immediate effect	ts	and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
Short term exposure Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.
Long term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.
Potential chronic health effe	ct	<u>s</u>
Not available.		
General	:	Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	1	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<b>Developmental effects</b>	1	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation Skin contact Ingestion Delayed and immediate effect Short term exposure Potential immediate effects Potential delayed effects Long term exposure Potential immediate effects Potential delayed effects Potential delayed effects Potential delayed effects Potential chronic health effe Not available. General Carcinogenicity Mutagenicity Teratogenicity Developmental effects	:: : : : : : : : : : :	pain watering redness No specific data. No specific data. Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure Not available. Not available. Not available. Not available. S Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels. No known significant effects or critical hazards. No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Numerical measures of toxicity

#### Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Oral	4343.29 mg/kg

## Section 12. Ecological information

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L	OX	C	τν	
		-	-	

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-16-alkyl derivs.	Acute EC50 5.65 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	48 hours
Alcohols, C10-16, ethoxylated, sulfates, sodium salts	Acute EC50 3.43 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	48 hours
Sulfuric acid, mono- C10-16-alkyl esters, sodium salts	Acute EC50 1.37 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	48 hours
Alcohols, C9-11, ethoxylated	Acute EC50 5.36 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute EC50 2686 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 8500 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
ethanol	Acute EC50 17.921 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Ulva pertusa	96 hours
	Acute EC50 2000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 25500 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia franciscana - Larvae	48 hours
	Acute LC50 42000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	4 days
	Chronic NOEC 4.995 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Ulva pertusa	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 100 ul/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 0.375 ul/L Fresh water	Fish - Gambusia holbrooki - Larvae	12 weeks
Sulfonic acids, C14-16-alkane hydroxy and C14-16-alkene, sodium salts	Acute EC50 4.53 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	48 hours
sodium hydroxide	Acute EC50 40.38 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 125 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Gambusia affinis - Adult	96 hours

### Persistence and degradability

Not available.

### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
ethanol D-Glucopyranose, oligomeric, C10-16-alkyl glycosides Sulfonic acids, C14-16-alkane hydroxy and C14-16-alkene, sodium salts	-0.35 -0.07 -1.3	-	low low low

### Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition	: Not available.
coefficient (Koc)	

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.
	Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered

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## Section 13. Disposal considerations

when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

## Section 14. Transport information

	-					
	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	Mexico Classification	ADR/RID	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
UN proper shipping name	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transport hazard class(es)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Packing group	-	-	-	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not available. to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

## Section 15. Regulatory information

	-
J.S. Federal regulations	: TSCA 5(a)2 proposed significant new use rules: 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol- 3-one
	<b>TSCA 8(a) PAIR</b> : 2-benzylideneheptanal; dodecanal; 3-p-cumenyl- 2-methylpropionaldehyde
	TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined
	Clean Water Act (CWA) 311: sulphuric acid; sodium hydroxide
Clean Air Act Section 112 (b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)	: Listed
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances	: Not listed
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances	: Not listed
DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals)	: Not listed
DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals)	: Not listed

## Section 15. Regulatory information

			SARA 302 TPQ SARA 304 RQ		RQ	
Name	%	EHS	(lbs)	(gallons)	(lbs)	(gallons)
sulphuric acid hydrogen peroxide chloroacetic acid	≤0.3 ≤0.1 ≤0.1	Yes. Yes. Yes.	1000 1000 100 / 10000	66.3 106.1 -	1000 1000 100	66.3 106.1 -

### SARA 304 RQ

: 853242.3 lbs / 387372 kg [99121.3 gal / 375215 L]

#### SARA 311/312

Classification

: SKIN CORROSION - Category 1C SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1 RESPIRATORY SENSITIZATION - Category 1

### **Composition/information on ingredients**

Name	%	Classification
Benzenesulfonic acid,	≥10 - ≤24	ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4
C10-16-alkyl derivs.		SKIN CORROSION - Category 1C
		SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1
		RESPIRATORY SENSITIZATION - Category 1
Alcohols, C10-16, ethoxylated,	≤5	SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
sulfates, sodium salts		EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
Sulfuric acid, mono-C10-16-alkyl	≤3	ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4
esters, sodium salts		SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
		SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1
Alcohols, C9-11, ethoxylated	≤3	EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
ethanol	≤3	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
		EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
D-Glucopyranose, oligomeric,	≤3	SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
C10-16-alkyl glycosides		SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1
Sulfonic acids, C14-16-alkane	≤3	ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4
hydroxy and C14-16-alkene,		SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
sodium salts		EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
sodium hydroxide	≤3	CORROSIVE TO METALS - Category 1
		SKIN CORROSION - Category 1A
		SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1

### **State regulations**

Massachusetts	<ul> <li>The following components are listed: Sodium Hydroxide Solution; ETHYL ALCOHOL; DENATURED ALCOHOL</li> </ul>
New York	: The following components are listed: Sulfuric acid; Sodium hydroxide
New Jersey	<ul> <li>The following components are listed: Sodium (C14-16) olefin sulfonate; SULFURIC ACID; DIHYDROGEN SULFATE; Sodium Hydroxide Solution; ETHYL ALCOHOL; ALCOHOL</li> </ul>
Pennsylvania	<ul> <li>The following components are listed: Sodium (C14-16) olefin sulfonate; SULFURIC ACID; Sodium Hydroxide Solution; DENATURED ALCOHOL; ETHANOL</li> </ul>

### California Prop. 65

This product does not require a Safe Harbor warning under California Prop. 65.

### **International regulations**

<u>Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals</u> Not listed.

### **Montreal Protocol**

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

#### Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC) Not listed.

## Section 15. Regulatory information

### UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

### Inventory list

<u>Inventory list</u>	
Australia	: Not determined.
Canada	: All components are listed or exempted.
China	: Not determined.
Europe	: Not determined.
Japan	<ul> <li>Japan inventory (ENCS): At least one component is not listed.</li> <li>Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.</li> </ul>
Malaysia	: Not determined
New Zealand	: Not determined.
Philippines	: Not determined.
Republic of Korea	: Not determined.
Taiwan	: All components are listed or exempted.
Thailand	: Not determined.
Turkey	: Not determined.
United States	: All components are listed or exempted.
Viet Nam	: Not determined.

## Section 16. Other information

### Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



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Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

### Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification				Justification	
EYE IRRITATION - Catego	ry 2A		Ca	Iculation method	
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 7/7/2020	Date of previous issue	: No previous validatio	n Version :1	12/13

## Section 16. Other information

<u>History</u>	
Date of printing	: 7/7/2020
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Version	: 1
Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United Nations
References	: Not available.

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.